NOMBRE: _____

P.A.T Prep

Transformations in the Cartesian Plane: *Rotations, Reflexions, Translations*

KEEP CALM AND DO THE MATH
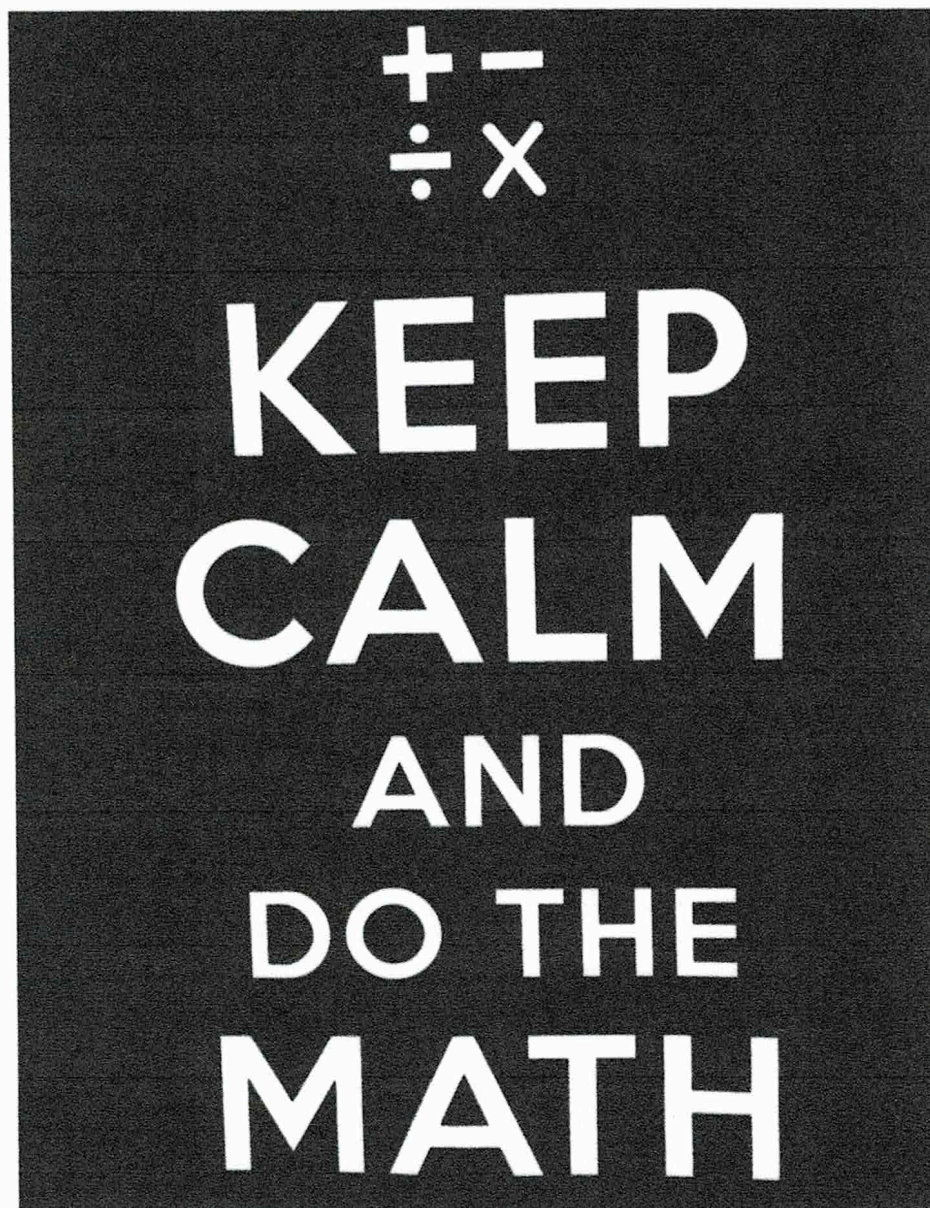
St. Brendan School
Mr. Martínez

20. Which of the following diagrams illustrates a 90° rotation of triangle XYZ counter-clockwise about the origin?
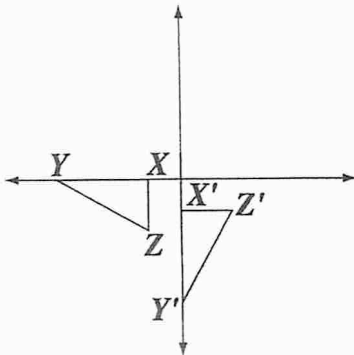
A.

Y'
Z' X'
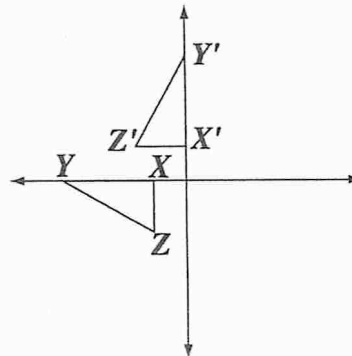Y X
Z

B.
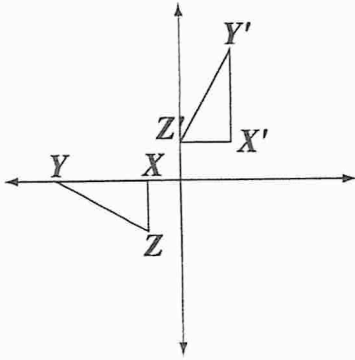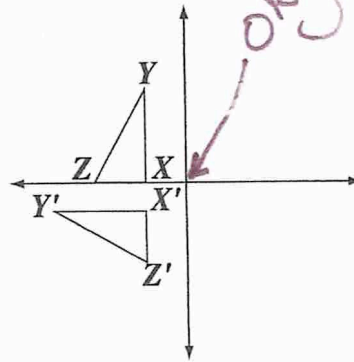
origin
Y
Z X
Y' X'
Z'

clockwise

counter clockwise

C.

Y X
Z
X' Z'
Y'

D.

Y'
Z' X'
Y X
Z

270° $-\!\!\!+\!\!\!-$ 90°
180°

✓

y
5

Q

P R
-5   5   x

S

-5
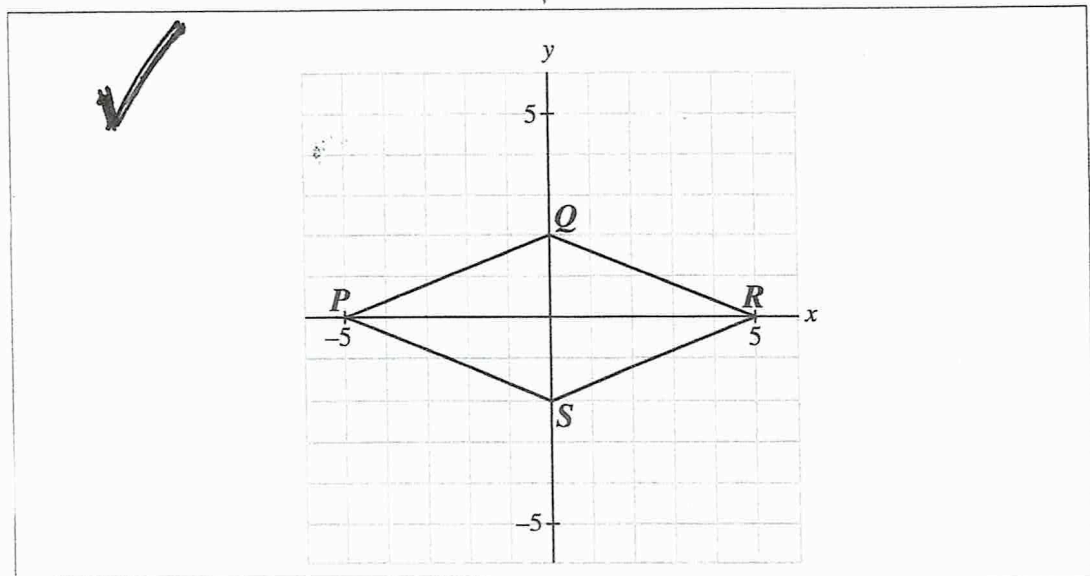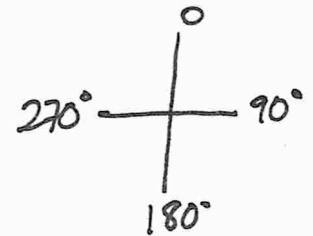
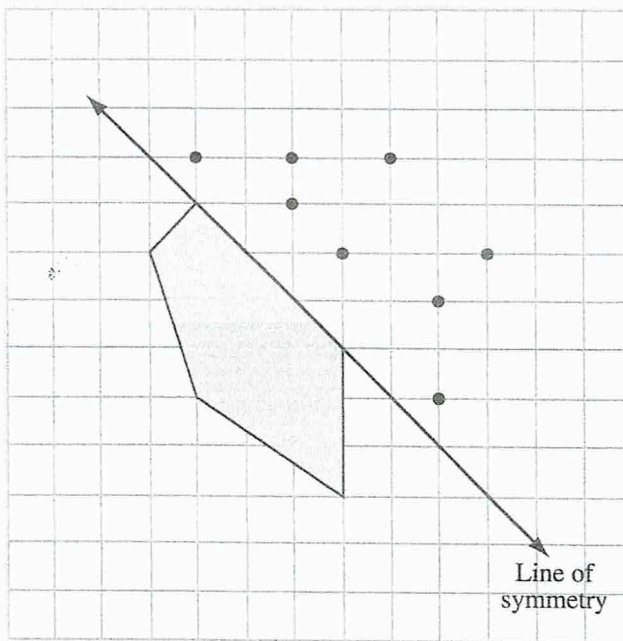**16.** If the shape shown above is rotated 90 degrees clockwise about the origin to form the quadrilateral $P'Q'R'S'$, then P' would be located at

    A. $(5, 0)$

    B. $(0, 5)$

    C. $(0, -5)$

    D. $(-5, 0)$

The 2-D shape shown on the Cartesian plane below is reflected about the *y*-axis.

Line of reflection

Reflection
↓
MIRROR image

32. If the original 2-D shape and the reflected image combine to form a new 2-D shape, what is the angle of rotational symmetry of the new 2-D shape?

A. 90°

B. 180°

C. 270°

D. 360°

An incomplete 2-D shape and its line of symmetry are shown in the diagram below.

Line of symmetry

Numerical Response

4. When the 2-D shape is completely drawn, how many points will be inside the 2-D shape?

Answer: _____

(Record your answer in the numerical-response section on the answer sheet.)

Triangle *JKL*, shown below, undergoes the following transformations:

- a translation of 3 units left and 4 units down, followed by
- a 90° clockwise rotation about vertex *L'*
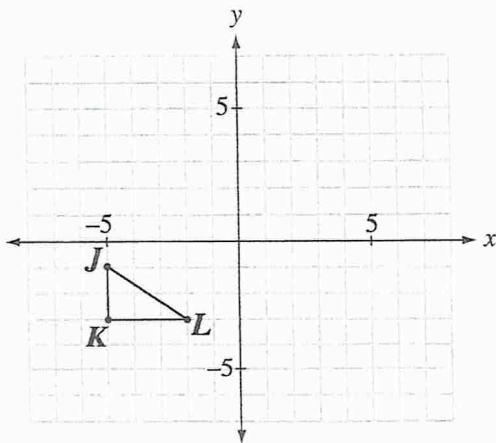
y
10

K   J

−10   L   10   x

−10
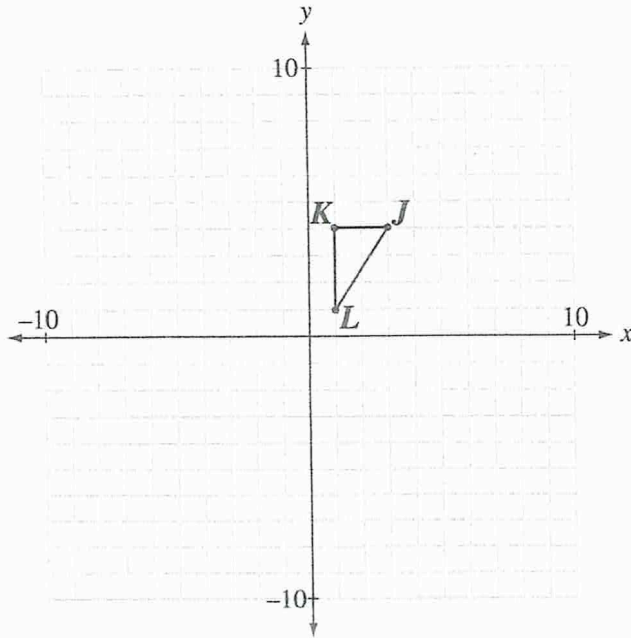
Translation
↓ is
• Shape is not altered
• Just moves

38. Which of the following rows represents the ordered pair for each vertex after **both** the transformations described above have been completed?

Row	*J″*	*K″*	*L″*
A.	(1, −5)	(1, −3)	(−2, −3)
B.	(−5, −1)	(−5, −3)	(−2, −3)
C.	(0, −4)	(0, −2)	(−3, −2)
D.	(−2, −3)	(1, −3)	(1, −5)

The triangle *JKL* shown below undergoes the translation $(x, y) \rightarrow (x + 3, y - 2)$.

y
5

−5   5   x
J
K   L
−5

Row	*J'*	*K'*	*L'*
A.	(−2, −3)	(−2, −5)	(−1, 5)
B.	(−2, −3)	(−2, −5)	(1, −5)
C.	(−8, −3)	(−8, −1)	(−5, 1)
D.	(−8, −3)	(−8, −1)	(5, −1)

3. Which of the following rows represents the coordinates of the resulting image?

Triangle *JKL*, shown below, undergoes the following transformations:

- a 90° clockwise rotation about vertex *L*
- a translation of 3 units right and 4 units up
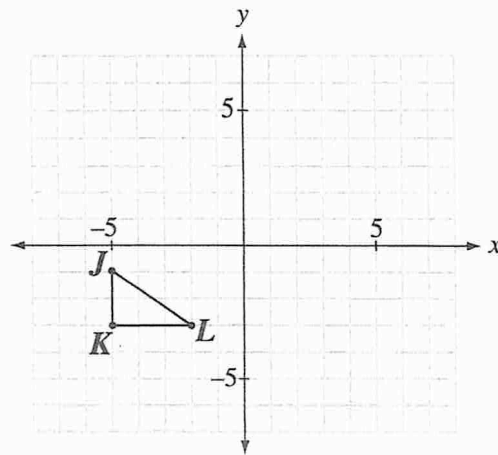
33. Which of the following rows represents the ordered pair for each vertex after **both** the transformations described above have been completed?

Row	*J"*	*K"*	*L"*
A.	(1, 1)	(1, 4)	(3, 4)
B.	(1, 1)	(1, –2)	(–1,–2)
C.	(4, 3)	(2, 3)	(2, 0)
D.	(3, 4)	(1, 4)	(1, 1)