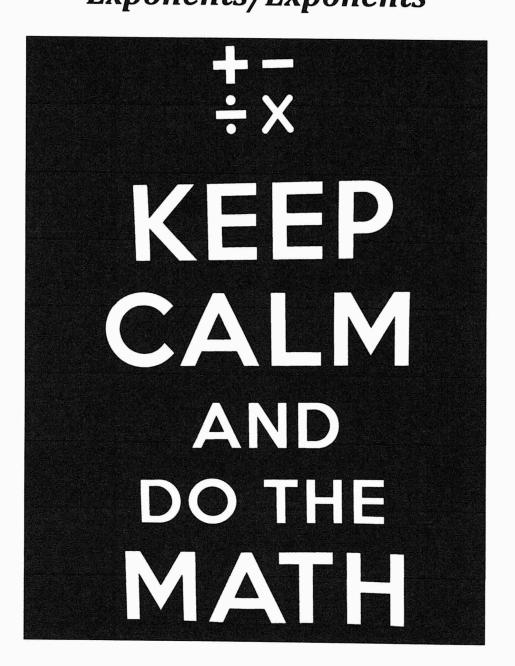
NOMBRE:

## P.A.T Prep Powers/Law of Exponents/Exponents



St. Brendan School Mr. Martínez

 $\frac{3^{12}}{3^4}$   $3^5 + 3^3$   $[(3^{10})^0]^2$   $\frac{(3 \times 2)^6}{2^6}$   $3^8 - 3^4$ 

$$3^8 - 3^4$$

How many of the expressions shown above have a value that is larger than 3<sup>7</sup>?

2 A.

3 В.

C. 4

D. 5



If n = 2, then which of the following expressions yields the largest result?

$$\mathbb{A}. \quad \frac{n^5 \times n^2}{n^4}$$

$$\mathbf{B.} \quad \frac{n^2 \times n^3}{n}$$

$$\mathbb{C}. \quad \frac{(n^2)^3}{n}$$

$$\mathbb{D}. \quad \frac{(n^5)^2}{n^4}$$



Which of the following sets of powers is arranged in order of increasing value from left to right?

A.  $-2^2$ ,  $-1^2$ ,  $(-1)^2$ ,  $(-2)^2$ 

**B.**  $(-2)^2$ ,  $(-1)^2$ ,  $-1^2$ ,  $-2^2$ 

 $\mathbb{C}$ .  $-1^2$ ,  $(-1)^2$ ,  $-2^2$ ,  $(-2)^2$ 

**D.**  $(-1)^2$ ,  $-1^2$ ,  $-2^2$ ,  $(-2)^2$ 



The expression  $(3^2 \times 2)^3$  can be simplified to

A.  $3^2 \times 2^3$ 

**B.**3<sup>6</sup> × 2

 $\mathbb{C}. \quad 3^5 \times 2^3$ 

1. Another representation of the expression  $\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$  is

C.  $\frac{2+2+2+2}{3+3+3+3}$ 

D.  $\frac{2\times2\times2\times2}{3\times3\times3\times3}$ 



Which one of the following statements is correct?

**A.**  $4^5 + 4^7 = 4^{12}$ 

B.  $4^{12} - 4^4 = 4^8$ 

C.  $4^2 \times 4^5 = 4^7$ 

**D.**  $4^6 \div 4^3 = 4^2$ 



Numerical Response

If  $(x^3)^2 \div x^4 = 144$ , then what is the whole number value of x?

Answer:

(Record your answer in the numerical-response section on the answer sheet.)



An incorrect simplification of the expression  $(2^3)(2^5)^2 \div (4 \times 2)^2$  is shown below.

$$(2^3)(2^5)^2 \div (4 \times 2)^2$$

$$(2^3)(2^5)^2 \div (8)^2$$

$$(2^3)(2^7) \div (8)^2$$

$$(2^3)(2^7) \div (2^3)^2$$

$$(2^3)(2^7) \div (2^5)$$

$$2^{10} \div 2^5$$

$$2^2$$

## Numerical Response



In which step is the first recorded error?

Answer: Step

(Record your answer in the numerical-response section on the answer sheet.)



Expression 1 
$$(2^2)^3 + 2^2$$

Expression 2 
$$4^2 + 4^3 - (4^3)^0$$

Expression 3 
$$3^4 - 3^2$$

30. Which of the following rows correctly identifies the expression with the lowest value and the expression with the highest value?

Row	<b>Lowest Value</b>	Highest Value
A.	Expression 1	Expression 3
B.	Expression 1	Expression 2
C. Expression 3 Expressio		Expression 2
D.	Expression 3	Expression 1



Use the following information to answer question 20.

The expression  $\left(\frac{(n^3)^4}{n^2}\right)(n^{10} \div n^5 \times n^2)$  can be simplified to the form  $n^p$ .

## **20.** The value of p is



Which of the following expressions represents the addition of  $7^2$  and  $7^3$ ?

A. 
$$(7+7)^{2+3}$$

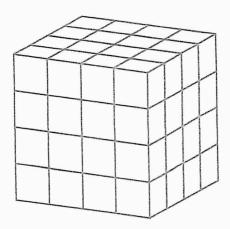
**B.** 
$$(7+7)^{2\times3}$$

C. 
$$(7 \times 7) + (7 \times 7 \times 7)$$

D. 
$$(7+7) \times (7+7+7)$$



The cubes in the 3-D object shown below represent a repeated multiplication and a power.



32. Which of the following rows identifies the repeated multiplication and the power that the 3-D object represents?

Row	Repeated Multiplication	Power	
A.	3 × 3 × 3 × 3	3 <sup>4</sup>	
B.	3 × 3 × 3 × 3	43	
C.	4 × 4 × 4	3 <sup>4</sup>	
D.	4 × 4 × 4	43	



When simplified, the expression  $\left[(a^2b)(a^3b^2)\right]^3$  can be written in the form  $a^mb^n$ .

37. Which of the following rows correctly identifies the values of m and n?

Row	m	12
Α.	8	6
B.	9	5
C.	15	9
D.	18	6



The values of  $4^5$  and  $5^4$  are \_\_\_i \_\_ because \_\_\_ii \_\_\_.

The statement above is completed by the information in row

	i	ii	
A.	equal	$4 \times 5$ has the same value as $5 \times 4$	
B.	equal	both powers represent the same model	
C.	not equal		
D.	not equal	they cannot be written using the same repeated multiplication	