

NOMBRE: \_\_\_\_\_

P.A.T Prep

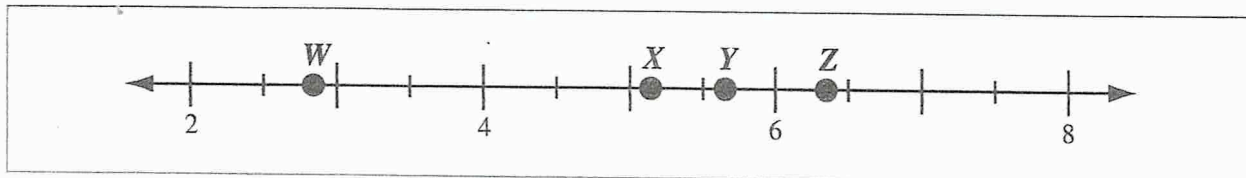
*Perfect and Non-Perfect Squares*  
*Square Roots – Approx. Square Roots*

$+$   $-$   
 $\div$   $\times$

KEEP  
CALM  
AND  
DO THE  
MATH

St. Brendan School  
Mr. Martínez

Use the following information to answer numerical-response question 6.



### Numerical Response

6. Match each point on the number line above to the corresponding number in the table below.

Code	Number
1	$\sqrt{37}$
2	$\sqrt{8}$
3	$\sqrt{22}$
4	$\sqrt{41}$
5	$\sqrt{6}$
6	$\sqrt{50}$
7	$\sqrt{27}$
8	$\sqrt{32}$

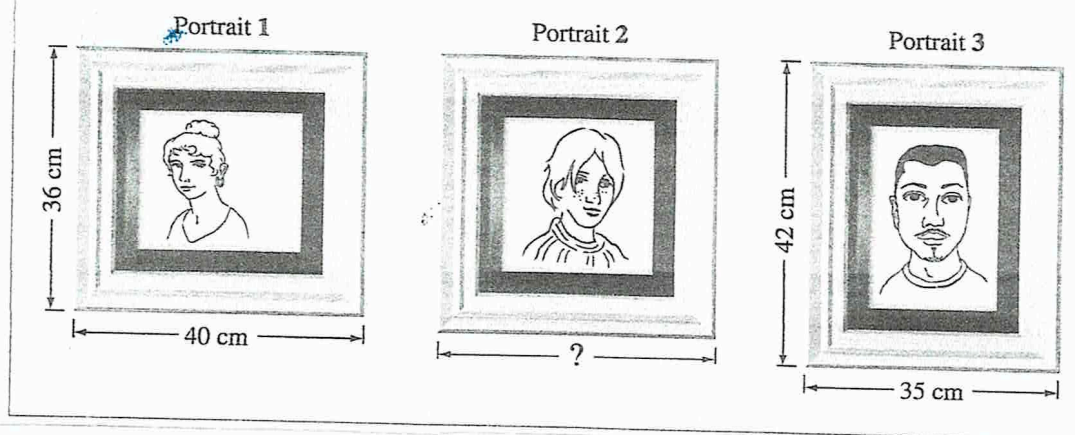
a little above 6  
a little below 9  
a bit below 5 (4.7)  
closer to 6 than 7  $\Rightarrow$  y  
2. something  
very close to 7  
very close to 5 but a bit less than 6

Code: \_\_\_\_\_  
Point:      W                      X                      Y                      Z

(Record all **four** digits of your answer in the numerical-response section on the answer sheet.)

Use the following information to answer numerical-response question 6.

Pat arranges three portraits from smallest to largest based on area. Portrait 2 is square, and its side length, measured in centimetres, is a whole number.



### Numerical Response

6. The side length of portrait 2 is \_\_\_\_\_ cm.

(Record your answer in the numerical-response section on the answer sheet.)

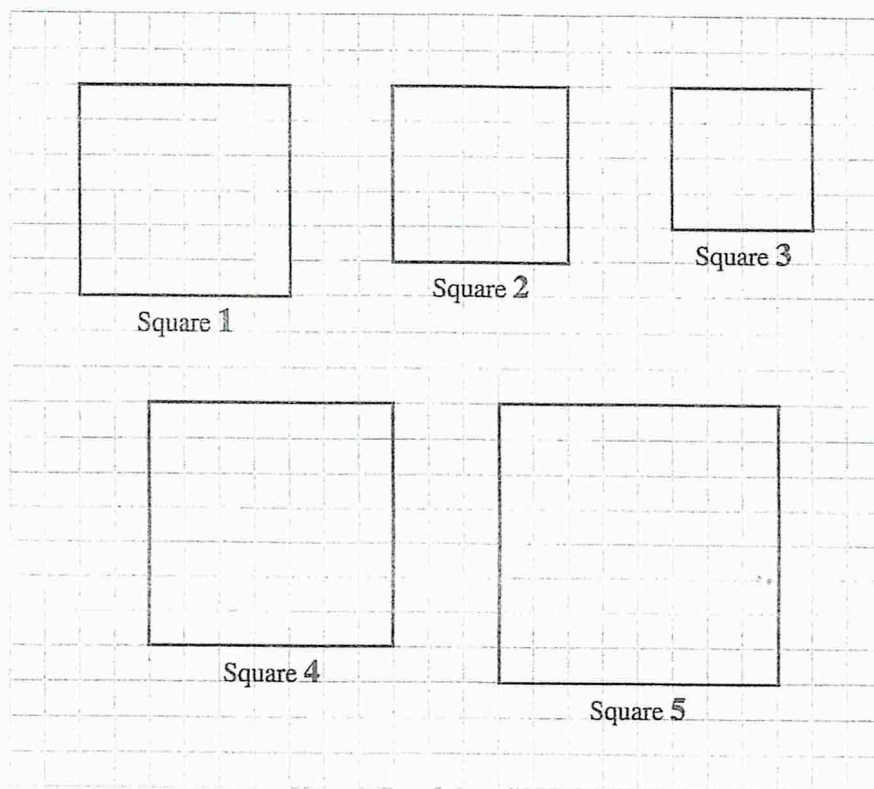
STRAND:

NUMBER

Complexity: Low

S.O. #6

Use the following information to answer numerical-response question 10.



Numerical Response

10. Which two squares shown above represent the best benchmarks for estimating the value of  $\sqrt{43}$ ?

Answer: Square \_\_\_\_\_ and Square \_\_\_\_\_

(Record both digits of your answer in any order in the numerical-response section on the answer sheet.)

Numerical Response

10. The number of perfect squares that are whole numbers between 2 and 20 is \_\_\_\_\_.

(Record your answer in the numerical-response section on the answer sheet.)



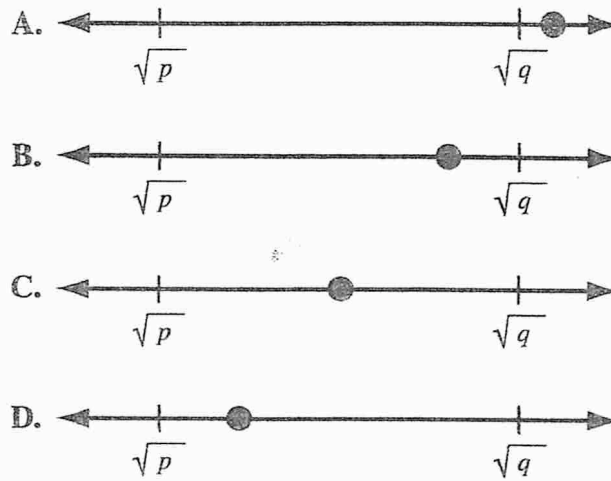
22. In estimating  $\sqrt{70}$ , which two perfect square numbers provide the best two benchmarks to estimate your answer?

- A. 49 and 64
- B. 64 and 100
- C. 49 and 81
- D. 64 and 81



The letters  $p$  and  $q$  in the expression  $\sqrt{\frac{p+q}{2}}$  represent consecutive perfect square numbers.

3. Which of the following number lines **best** represents the value of  $\sqrt{\frac{p+q}{2}}$ ?



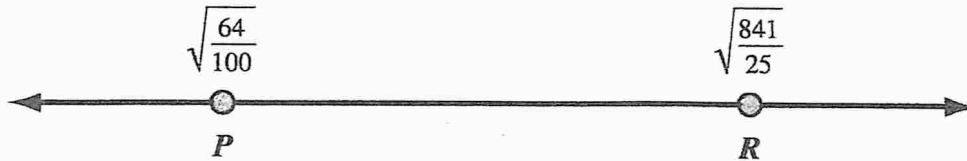
Use the following information to answer question 1.

$$\sqrt{51} \quad \sqrt{55} \quad \sqrt{61} \quad \sqrt{66} \quad \sqrt{71} \quad \sqrt{77} \quad \sqrt{81} \quad \sqrt{88}$$

1. How many of the square roots shown above have a value that is between 7.8 and 8.8?

- A. 2  
B. 3  
C. 4  
D. 5

The square roots of two rational numbers are represented on the number line shown below.



5. If  $Q$  is located between points  $P$  and  $R$  on the number line above, then which of the following square roots could **not** represent  $Q$ ?

- A.  $\sqrt{\frac{324}{81}}$   
B.  $\sqrt{\frac{256}{9}}$   
C.  $\sqrt{\frac{225}{64}}$   
D.  $\sqrt{\frac{169}{4}}$