

2.1

Representing Integers



Quick Review

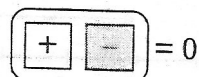
- You can use tiles to represent integers.



represents +1.



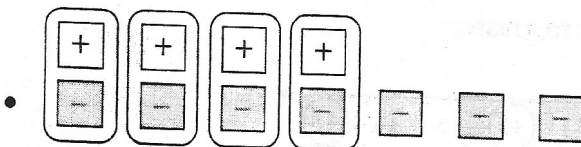
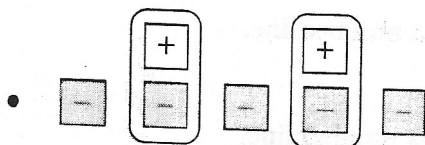
represents -1.



= 0

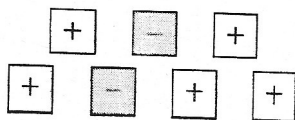
This is a zero pair.

Here are 3 ways to model -3.



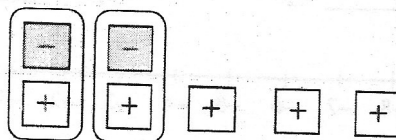
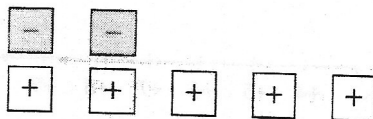
Each set
models -3.

- Write the integer modelled by these tiles.



Arrange the tiles in rows.

Circle the zero pairs.



There are 3 tiles left. They model +3.

Practice

1. Write the integer modelled by each set of tiles.

a) _____ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$

b) _____ $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$

c) _____ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$
 $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$

d) _____ $\boxed{+}$
 $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$

e) _____ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$
 $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$

f) _____ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$
 $\boxed{-}$

HINT

Circle the zero pairs and count the remaining tiles.



2. Draw tiles to model each integer.

a) +2

b) +5

c) -1

d) -3

e) +8

f) -7

3. Use tiles representing +1 and tiles representing -1.

Draw tiles to model +2 two more ways.

$\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$ $\boxed{+}$
 $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{-}$

4. Explain why you cannot model +2 using three tiles.
