

Dividing by Multiples of Powers of Ten (A)

$140 \div 2$	=	$88 \div 8$	=
$1,400 \div 20$	=	$880 \div 80$	=
$14,000 \div 200$	=	$8,800 \div 800$	=
$140,000 \div 2,000$	=	$88,000 \div 8,000$	=

$16 \div 2$	=	$10,800 \div 9$	=
$160 \div 20$	=	$108,000 \div 90$	=
$1,600 \div 200$	=	$1,080,000 \div 900$	=
$16,000 \div 2,000$	=	$10,800,000 \div 9,000$	=

$60 \div 3$	=	$132 \div 11$	=
$600 \div 30$	=	$1,320 \div 110$	=
$6,000 \div 300$	=	$13,200 \div 1,100$	=
$60,000 \div 3,000$	=	$132,000 \div 11,000$	=

$1,800 \div 3$	=	$132 \div 12$	=
$18,000 \div 30$	=	$1,320 \div 120$	=
$180,000 \div 300$	=	$13,200 \div 1,200$	=
$1,800,000 \div 3,000$	=	$132,000 \div 12,000$	=

$88,000 \div 11$	=	$8,000 \div 8$	=
$880,000 \div 110$	=	$80,000 \div 80$	=
$8,800,000 \div 1,100$	=	$800,000 \div 800$	=
$88,000,000 \div 11,000$	=	$8,000,000 \div 8,000$	=

$45 \div 5$	=	$1,600 \div 4$	=
$450 \div 50$	=	$16,000 \div 40$	=
$4,500 \div 500$	=	$160,000 \div 400$	=
$45,000 \div 5,000$	=	$1,600,000 \div 4,000$	=