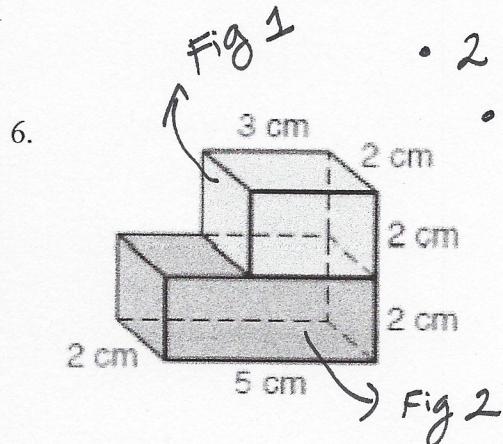


Calculating Surface Area of Composite Figures

- 1) Identify the different types of figures that make up the solid.
- 2) Identify what parts of each figure are on the surface of the solid.
- 3) Calculate the surface area of composite shapes.



- 2 Rectangular Prisms.

- On the surface:

- Right, left and top of Fig 1

- Front, back, right, left and part of top of Fig 2

- Figure 1

$$SA_{\text{Front, back}} = 2 \times [\frac{2}{3}]^2 = 2 \times 6 \text{ cm}^2 = 12 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$SA_{\text{Right, left}} = 2 \times [\frac{2}{2}]^2 = 2 \times 4 \text{ cm}^2 = 8 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$SA_{\text{top, bottom}} = 2 \times [\frac{2}{2}]^2 = 2 \times 6 \text{ cm}^2 = 12 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Total } SA_{\text{Fig 1}} = 32 \text{ cm}^2$$

- FIGURE 2

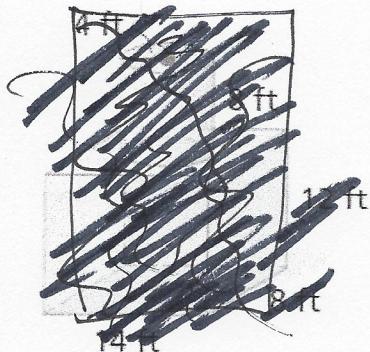
$$SA_{\text{Front, back}} = 2 \times [\frac{5}{5}]^2 = 2 \times 10 \text{ cm}^2 = 20 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$SA_{\text{Top, bottom}} = 2 [\frac{5}{2}]^2 \times 2 = 20 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$SA_{\text{Right, left}} = 2 \times [\frac{5}{2}]^2 = \frac{8}{48} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Total } SA_{\text{Figure 2}} = 48 \text{ cm}^2$$

7.



The overlap is the bottom face of Fig. 1 (multiplied by 2)

$$\text{Overlap} = 2 \times [\frac{2}{3}]^2 = 2 \times 6 \text{ cm}^2 = 12 \text{ cm}^2$$

So

$$\text{Total } SA = SA_{\text{Fig. 1}} + SA_{\text{Fig. 2}} - \text{Overlap}$$

$$32 \text{ cm}^2 + 48 \text{ cm}^2 - 12 \text{ cm}^2 = 68 \text{ cm}^2$$