## Lesson 1.6: Exploring the Pythagorean Theorem

1. Which of the triangles below appears to be a right triangle?

Determine whether each triangle is a right triangle.
Justify your answers.
a)

b)

2. Each set of measurements below represents the side lengths of a triangle. Identify which triangles are right triangles.
How do you know?
a) $3 \mathrm{~cm}, 4 \mathrm{~cm}, 6 \mathrm{~cm}$
b) $7 \mathrm{~m}, 24 \mathrm{~m}, 25 \mathrm{~m}$
c) $6 \mathrm{~cm}, 8 \mathrm{~cm}, 10 \mathrm{~cm}$
d) $1 \mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{~m}, \sqrt{5} \mathrm{~m}$
e) $2 \mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{~m}, \sqrt{12} \mathrm{~m}$
3. Which sets of numbers below are Pythagorean triples?
a) $20,21,29$
b) $11,34,35$
c) $20,101,99$
d) $30,34,16$
4. Two numbers in a Pythagorean triple are 77 and 85.

Find the third number.
5. A triangle has side length of $5 \mathrm{~cm}, \sqrt{96} \mathrm{~cm}$ and 11 cm .
a) Is this triangle a right triangle?
b) Do these side lengths form a Pythagorean triple? Explain.

