Name:	
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## **Square Roots Print Activity**

## Use the "Explore It" mode to check your solutions.

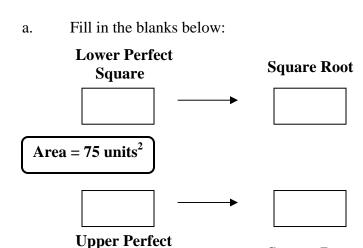
- 1. A square has an area of  $16 \text{ units}^2$ .
  - a. What is the side length of a square of this area?
  - b. Draw a square of area 16 units<sup>2</sup> below.
  - c. What is the square root of 16?
  - d. Explain why your answers in parts (a) and (c) are the same.
- 2. Complete the following table of perfect squares and their square roots:

Perfect Square	Square Root
1	1
4	2
9	3
36	
	8
100	
	13

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- 3. A checkerboard is a square made up of 32 black and 32 red squares. Assume that each square has a side length of 1 unit.
  - a. What is the total area of the checkerboard?
  - b. What is the side length of the checkerboard?
  - c. Explain how your answers in parts (a) and (b) help you determine the square root of 64.
- 4. The square roots of some numbers are not whole numbers. Suppose you construct a square of area 75 units<sup>2</sup>.



b. Using the table completed in part (a), answer the following question:

Which perfect square is closer to 75: the lower perfect square or the upper perfect square? Circle your answer below:

**Square Root** 

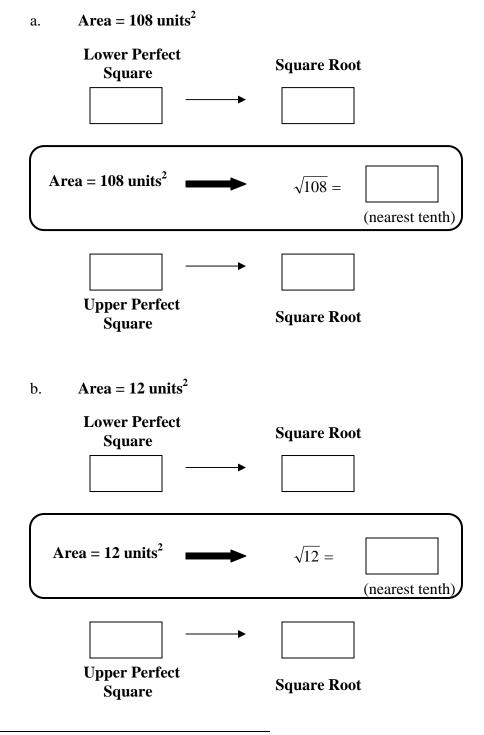
Lower Perfect Square or Upper Perfect Square

c. Estimate the square root of 75:

Square

$$\sqrt{75} =$$
 (nearest tenth)

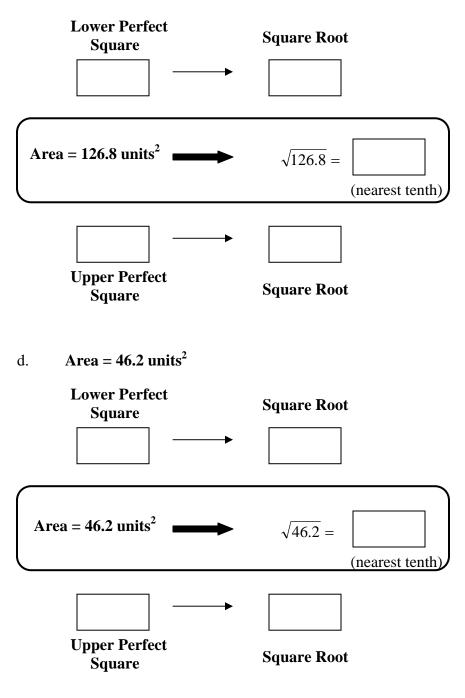
- d. Can you use the same lower and upper perfect squares to estimate the value of  $\sqrt{89}$ ? Explain why or why not.
- 5. Fill in the blanks below to estimate the square roots of non-perfect squares:



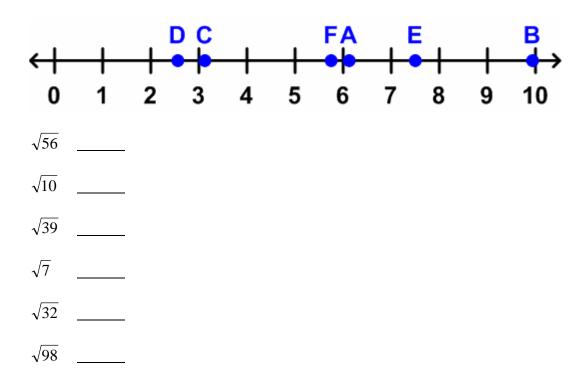
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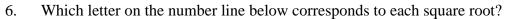
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c. Area =  $126.8 \text{ units}^2$ 



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- 7. The symbol  $\sqrt{}$  means the positive or **principal square root** of a number.
  - a. Evaluate  $\sqrt{121}$ .
  - b. What is the negative square root of 121?
  - c. A square has an area of 121 units<sup>2</sup>. What is the side length of a square of this area?
  - d. Explain why the answer to part (c) can only be the positive square root of 121.

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