

## Lesson 2.5: Exponent Laws II

1. Write each expression as a product of powers or a quotient of powers.

a)  $(3 \times 2)^4$

b)  $[(-4) \times 3]^2$

c)  $[(-2) \times (-4)]^3$

d)  $(7 \times 11)^0$

e)  $(10 \div 5)^3$

f)  $[(-12) \div (-6)]^2$

g)  $\left(\frac{8}{4}\right)^4$

h)  $\left(\frac{1}{10}\right)^6$

2. Write as a power.

a)  $(3^4)^2$

b)  $(5^0)^3$

c)  $-(7^2)^2$

d)  $[(-3)^3]^2$

3. Why is the value of  $[(-3)^3]^2$  positive and the value of  $[(-3)^3]^3$  negative?

4. Simplify, then evaluate.

a)  $(2^3 \times 2^1)^2$

b)  $(5^4 \div 5^2)^2$

c)  $[(-3)^0 \times (-3)^3]^2$

d)  $(10^2)^4 \div (10^3)^2$

5. Simplify, then evaluate each expression.

a)  $(3^2 \times 4^3)^2 - (4^4 \div 4^2)^2$

b)  $(2^3 \div 2^2)^3 + (7^4 \times 7^3)^0$

c)  $[(-1)^3]^4 - [(-1)^4 \div (-1)^3]^2$

d)  $(4^2 \times 4^3)^0 - (3^2)^2$

e)  $(5^2 \times 5^0)^3 + (2^5 \div 2^3)^3$

f)  $(10^6 \div 10^3)^2 + (2^3 \div 2^1)^4$

6. Find and correct any errors in each solution.

a)  $(4^3 \times 2^2)^2 = (8^5)^2$   
 $= 8^{10}$   
 $= 1\,073\,741\,824$

b)  $[(-10)^3]^4 = (-10)^7$   
 $= -10\,000\,000$

c)  $(2^2 + 2^3)^2 = (2^5)^2$   
 $= 2^{10}$

## ANSWER KEY for Lesson 2.5

1. 

a) $3^4 \times 2^4$ c) $(-2)^3 \times (-4)^3$ e) $10^3 \div 5^3$ g) $\frac{8^4}{4^4}$	b) $(-4)^2 \times 3^2$ d) $7^0 \times 11^0$ f) $(-12)^2 \div (-6)^2$ h) $\frac{1^6}{10^6}$
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2. 

a) $3^8$ c) $-7^4$	b) $5^0$ d) $(-3)^6$
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3.  $[(-3)^3]^2$  is positive because it is the square of a power, and the square of any number is positive.  $[(-3)^3]^3$  is negative because it simplifies to  $(-3)^9$ , and the product of an odd number of negative factors is negative.
4. 

a) $(2^3 \times 2^1)^2 = (2^4)^2 = 2^8 = 256$ b) $(5^4 \div 5^2)^2 = (5^2)^2 = 5^4 = 625$ c) $[(-3)^0 \times (-3)^3]^2 = [(-3)^3]^2 = (-3)^6 = 729$ d) $(10^2)^4 \div (10^3)^2 = 10^8 \div 10^6 = 10^2 = 100$	
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5. 

a) $(3^2 \times 4^3)^2 - (4^4 \div 4^2)^2 = (9 \times 64)^2 - (4^2)^2$ $= 576^2 - 4^4 = 331\,776 - 256 = 331\,520$ b) $(2^3 \div 2^2)^3 + (7^4 \times 7^3)^0 = 2^3 + 1 = 8 + 1 = 9$ c) $[(-1)^3]^4 - [(-1)^4 \div (-1)^3]^2 = (-1)^{12} - (-1)^2$ $= 1 - 1 = 0$ d) $(4^2 \times 4^3)^0 - (3^2)^2 = 1 - 3^4 = 1 - 81 = -80$ e) $(5^2 \times 5^0)^3 + (2^5 \div 2^3)^3 = 5^6 + 2^6 = 15\,625 + 64 = 15\,689$ f) $(10^6 \div 10^3)^2 + (2^3 \div 2^1)^4 = (10^3)^2 + (2^2)^4 = 10^6 + 2^8 = 1\,000\,000 + 256 = 1\,000\,256$	
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6. 

a) $(4^3 \times 2^2)^2 = 4^6 \times 2^4 = 4096 \times 16 = 65\,536$ b) $[(-10)^3]^4 = (-10)^{12} = 1\,000\,000\,000\,000$ c) $(2^2 + 2^3)^2 = (4 + 8)^2 = 12^2 = 144$	
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